TECHNICAL Guidance

BEST COST EFFECTIVE FLOW MEASUREMENT EVEN FOR LARGE SIZE LINES

O-100 Series GLASS TUBE TYPE ORIFLOMETER

GENERAL

O-100 series **ORIFLO METER** is a flow meter consisting of a orifice plate and a GLASS TUBE type variable area flow meter. Since the flow rate is measured with a "small sized" flow meter set to a by-pass piping, the flow measurement even for "large sized" lines can be economically conducted. In addition to the local indication type, alarm contact version is also available.

STANDARD SPECIFICATION

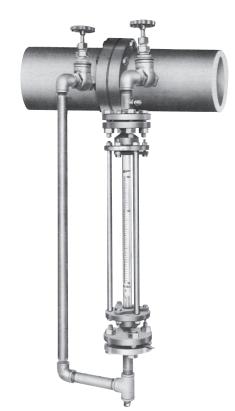
Detection type	: Bypass orifice type						
Measuring fluid	: Liquids (Viscosity : up to 3mPa•s)						
	and Gases						
	(Not suitable for slurry and steam)						
Available tapping an	d sizes :						
1) D • D/2 ta	ps (O-1□□ - □P)						
100mm to	100mm to 500mm						
2) Corner taps (with orifice ring) (O-1 $\Box\Box$ - \Box C)							
50mm to	500mm						
3) Flange ta	ps (O-1□□ - □F)						
50mm to	500mm						
4) Vena con	tracta taps (O-1 🗆 - 🔍)						
200mm to	o 500mm						
Note : 55	Omm or more can be supplied on request.						
Process connection	: JIS5K/10K/20K, ANSI/JPI CLASS						
	150/300 and Others.						
Temperature of liqui	d : Max. 120°C						
	*: It is general data, and the maxi-						
	mum temperature may change by						
	terms of use and environment.						
Allowable thermal sh							
Fluid pressure	: Max. 1.0MPa						
Indication accuracy							
Paint color	: Munsell 7.5BG4/1.5 (Body made of SUS						
	not painted)						
Function :							
0-10 🗌 - 🔲	,						
0-75 🗌 - 🔲 🗌	Local indication with alarm contact						
Material	: Refer to MATERIAL AND SCOPE OF						
	SUPPLY for details.						

Standard DP/Scale range

Range ability (standard) 10 : 2

Elect n	naterial	Standard DP (kPa)		
FIOAL	alenai	Liquids	Gases	
Standard	Stainless steel	30	_	
Stanuaru	Aluminum	—	10	
PT	FE	15	10	
PV	C	15	—	

Custom-made meter available for more than the above DP. In case of custom-made meter, effective scale range is to be different. Refer to the maximum flow range by size, or contact us.



MODEL CODE

Мо	Model code				Depaription	
O-						Description
Function	10					Local indication only
	75					Local indication with alarm contact
		1	-			Bottom to top
Flow directic	on of	6	-			Left to right
main pipe		7	-			Right to left
		8	-			Top to bottom
Desition of inc				А		Above main pipie
Position of inc	licato	or		В		Below main pipie
					Р	D • D/2 Taps
Tupo of topp	Type of tapping*1				С	Corner taps *2 (With orifice ring)
					F	Flange taps
					v	Vena contracta taps

*1 : Available sizes for types of tapping is to be referred to STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.

*2 : Orifice rings are included in scope of supply as standard.

TOKYO KEISO CO., LTD.

CAPACITY OF EACH LINE SIZE

□ FOR LIQUID APPLICTIONS

				Flow rate Wa	ater m	³ /h (Densi ⁻	ty 1.0g/cm ³	, Visco	osity 1.0mPa	a·S)		
Main pipe size (mm)	DP	10kP	*1	DP	15kP	*2	DP	30kF	*3	DP	60kP	*4
50	1.4	to	14	1.6	to	16	2.5	to	25	3.5	to	35
65	1.6	to	20	2	to	25	3	to	40	4	to	50
80	2.5	to	30	3	to	40	4	to	50	6	to	80
100	3.5	to	50	4.5	to	70	7	to	90	9	to	140
125	6	to	80	7	to	100	10	to	150	14	to	200
150	8	to	120	10	to	150	14	to	200	20	to	300
200	14	to	200	16	to	250	25	to	350	35	to	500
250	20	to	300	25	to	400	35	to	500	50	to	800
300	30	to	450	35	to	500	50	to	800	70	to	1000
350	40	to	500	45	to	700	70	to	1000	90	to	1400
400	50	to	700	60	to	900	90	to	1200	120	to	1800
450	60	to	1000	80	to	1200	120	to	1600	150	to	2000
500	80	to	1200	90	to	1500	140	to	2000	180	to	3000

*1 Resin float (PVC, PTFE), and range ability 10:2.5

*2 Resin float (PVC, PTFE), and range ability 10:2

*****3 Range ability 10:2 [Resin float (PVC, PTFE), and range ability: Available up to 10:1.5]

*4 SUS float, and range ability 10:2 (Available up to 10:1.5)

□ FOR GAS APPLICTIONS

Main pipe size (mm)			FI	ow rate Air m	1 ³ /h (nor) (0°C, 1	atm)		
Main pipe size (mm)	DP	5kP	*1	DP	10kP	*2	DP	20kP	*3
50	25	to	280	34	to	380	46	to	520
65	29	to	460	39	to	630	54	to	850
80	40	to	650	55	to	900	75	to	1200
100	67	to	1100	93	to	1500	130	to	2000
125	110	to	1600	150	to	2300	200	to	3100
150	150	to	2300	200	to	3300	280	to	4400
200	250	to	4100	350	to	5700	480	to	7800
250	390	to	6400	540	to	8800	740	to	12000
300	550	to	9200	770	to	12000	1100	to	17000
350	690	to	11000	950	to	15000	1400	to	21000
400	900	to	15000	1300	to	20000	1800	to	28000
450	1200	to	19000	1600	to	26000	2300	to	36000
500	1500	to	23000	2000	to	33000	2800	to	45000

*1 Range ability 10:2.5 *2 Range ability 10:2

*3 Range ability 10:2 (Available up to 10:1.5)

The maximum flow rate of flowmeter can be specified in the above mentioned POSSIBLE SCALE RANGE.

NOTE

1 : Above table are based on the fact that the material of main pipe is SGP (Carbon steel pipes for ordinary pipes JIS G 3452). The maximum flow rate of the main pipes other than SGP are determined by multiplying above figures by the value equal to (actual inside diameter/SGP inside diameter)2

to above figures.

2 : Above table is applicable for measurement of Water (Density

1.0g/cm³, Viscosity 1.0mPa·s).

When measuring liquid whose density is not 1.0g/cm³, refer to the above table after calculating flow rate converted to air by the following formula.

$$Q_w = Q \times \sqrt{\gamma_o (\gamma_f - 1)/(\gamma_f - \gamma_o)}$$

Qw : Flow rate c

Qw : Flow rate converted to water	Material	Density of float
Q : Flow rate of actual fluid	Stainless	7.9 g/cm ³
γ_{o} : Density of actual fluid	PTFE	2.2 g/cm ³
γ_{f} : Density of float	PVC	2.5 g/cm ³

3. Airflow indicates the maximum measurable flow range based on 0°C, 1 atm. When operating conditions are different, refer to the above table after calculating flow rate converted to air by the following formula.

$$Q_A = Q \times C_\gamma \times C_t \times C_p$$

- Q_A : Flow rate converted to air
- Q : Flow rate of actual fluid
- C_{γ} : Density conversion factor $C_{y} = \sqrt{Y / 1.293}$

C_t: Temperature conversion factor

$$C_t = \sqrt{(273+t)/273}$$

t : Temperature for actual fluid [°C]

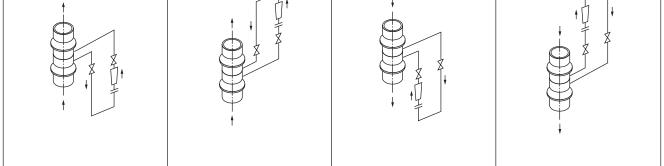
C_p: Pressure conversion factor

$$C_{p} = \sqrt{0.1013/(0.1013+p)}$$

p : Pressure for actual fluid [MPa]

FLOW DIRECTION AND BYPASS PIPING

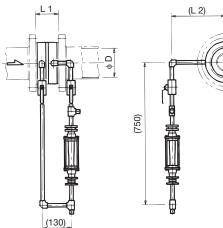
O−1□6−BC	0-1_6-AC	0-1_7-BC	0-1_7-AC
0-1_1-BC	0-1_1-AC	0-1_8-BC	0-1_8-AC
		Ļ	



Above drawings show the case of corner tapping. The same piping configurations are applied also for other types of tappings.

STANDARD SIZES OF BYPSS PIPING (In case of Flange rating JIS10K)

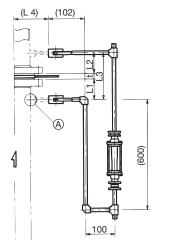
- (1) Corner taps (With orifice ring)
- Horizontal piping

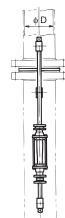


(2) D • D/2 Taps

Horizontal piping
 Horizontal piping

Vertical piping (Bottom to top)





Main pipe size	L1	L2	t	L3	L4	
50mm						
65mm						
80mm						
100mm	102	47	9	158	110	
125mm	128	59	9	196	130	
150mm	152	71	10	233	150	
200mm	202	95	10	307	170	
250mm	251	119	11	381	210	
300mm	302	144	11	457	230	
350mm	337	162	11	510	250	
400mm	388	186	12	586	280	
450mm	438	212	12	662	310	
500mm	489	237	12	738	350	
	unit : mm					

t includes thickness of gaskets. 3mm x 2pcs L1 and L2 are for SGP piping.

For other piping material;

L1=1D-3, $L2=^{1/2}D-(t-3)$ where D=Pipe inside dimeter

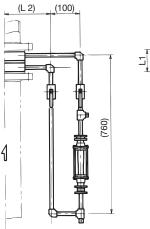
The straight run of pipe varies, depending on the piping condition and the contraction ratio of diameter, and the following is just the outline.

[Reference]

	Elbow • Tees	Valve (Gate valve fully opened)
Straight run of pipe (Upstream)	10D	12D
Straight run of pipe (Downstream)	4D	4D

'D' stands for the inside diameter of pipe
Straight run of pipe means the length from the upstream face of orifice plate.

□ Vertical piping (Bottom to top)



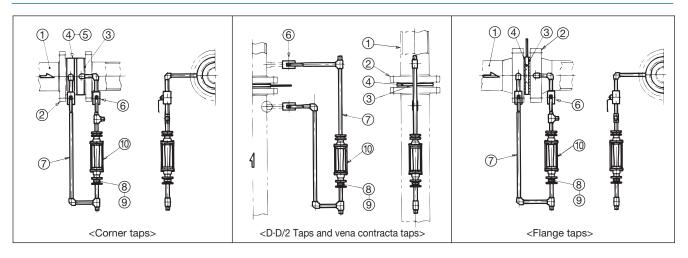
Main pipe size	L1	L2
50mm	68	125
65mm	68	135
80mm	68	140
100mm	71	150
125mm	71	165
150mm	71	180
200mm	71	205
250mm	71	245
300mm	71	265
350mm	71	290
400mm	71	325
450mm	71	355
500mm	71	380
dimensione I 1 include as		unit : m

The dimensions L1 include gasket thickness: t1.5mm x 2pcs for 50mm, 65mm, 80mm and t3mm x 2pcs for 100mm or larger.

SUGGESTIONS FOR INSTALLATION

- 1. Upper/lower straight tube length
- In order to make measurement in the predetermined accuracy, the straight run of tube is required. The required straight run of tube varies, depending on the diameter ratio of contraction device and the piping shape. Refer to JIS Z 8762-2: 2007.
- Since the pressure loss within the bypass pipe is precalculated, do a specified bypass piping in accordance with the related approval drawing.
- 3. If you need bypass pipes of which sizes are different from those of standard ones due to a piping design in your factory, please contact us.

MATERIAL AND SCOPE OF SUPPLY



				Material				
No.	Par	ts name	1	2	3			
1	Ma	ain pipe		Costomer's supply				
(2)	Orifice flange	Except flange taps	Co	stomer's supply (Optionally availab	le)			
2	Office hange	Flange taps	S25C or SFVC2A	SUS 304	SUS 316			
3	Flange gasket		Costomer's supply (Optionally available)					
(4)	Mai	in orifice	SUS 304	SUS 304	SUS 316			
5	Ori	fice ring	SS 400	SUS 304	SUS 316			
6	Ba	all valve	C3771BE	SCS 14A	SCS 14A			
7	Вура	ass piping	SGP or STPG	SUS 304	SUS 316			
8	Bypass orifice		Bypass orifice SUS 304 SUS 304		SUS 316			
9	Gasket		For Ligu	ids : Non Asbestos, For Gas : NBR	or FPM			
(10)	In	dicator	SCS14/SS400	SCS14/SUS 304	SCS14/SUS 316			

^r Gaskets between Main pipe orifice (or Orifice ring) and piping flanges as well as bolts and nuts for installation are customer's scope of supply unless otherwise specified.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Мо	del	0-10 0-75
Fluid	name	
Den	sity	
Visco	osity	
Pres	sure	
Tempe	erature	
Measurir	ng range	
Material class		□ Class 1 □ Class 2 □ Class 3 □ Special ()
	Size	mm Process connection
Main pipe	Material	SGP STPG,STPT sch No Stainless Steel Pipe sch No Lining Pipe (ID mm) Others (OD mm, ID mm) PVC (□ VP □ VU) STPY (t mm)
For O-7	50-00	Type of alarm
(Alarm v	version)	Setting point

Cautions on the use of glass tube variable area flowmeters

CAUTION

Avoid the use of glass tube variable area flowmeters for the following services.

- 1. Liquid services subject to impulse pressure in the process.
- 2. Secondary accidents might occur due to the breakage of glass in such services :
 - •Toxic fluids such as poisons, stimulant and narcotics
 - •Flammable fluids
 - Explosive fluids
- 3. Gas handling process where breakage of glass might result in gas leakage or scattering of glass fragments.
- The installation places of the flowmeters where breakage of glass might be caused by the accidents from the surrounding piping or equipment.
- 5. On-off operation where breakage of glass might be caused by the collision of the float inside meter due to the abrupt change of flow.
- 6. Services where the heat shock by abrupt change of temperature is expected.

* Specification is subject to change without notice.

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